MADISON COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

Audited Primary Government Financial Statements and Special Reports

For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

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FINANCIAL SECTION

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE PRIMARY GOVERNMENT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Members of the Board of Supervisors Madison County, Mississippi

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Madison County, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the county's primary government financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the county's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions

The financial statements referred to above include only the primary government of Madison County, Mississippi, which consists of all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that comprise the county's legal entity. The financial statements do not include financial data for the county's legally separate component units, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be reported with the financial data of the county's primary government. As a result, the primary government financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the reporting entity of Madison County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2005, and the respective changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information for the primary government of Madison County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2006, on our consideration of Madison County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and corresponding notes are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the primary government financial statements that collectively comprise Madison County, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The accompanying Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole

Windham & Lacey, PLLC

June 30, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MADISON COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

INTRODUCTION

This discussion and analysis of Madison County's financial performance provides an overall narrative review of the County's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2005. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the County's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the County's financial performance.

This discussion and analysis is an element of required supplementary information specified in the "Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments" issued June 1999.

Madison County is located in central Mississippi along Interstate I-55. The population, according to the 2000 census, is 74,674. The local economic base is driven by Manufacturing/Industrial, Medical, Retail Trade and Agricultural concerns.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Madison County is financially stable. The County has committed itself to financial management by using sound financial planning, budgeting and internal controls. The County is committed to maintaining sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future

Madison County continues to grow both economically and in population. This has allowed the County to maintain a steady growth in tax revenues without a tax increase. The County government tax rate has decreased by 4.39 mills over the last 12 years, and will decrease an additional 1.5 mills in the 2006 fiscal year. This does not include School tax levies.

Total net assets increased \$2,556,977, which represents an increase from the prior fiscal year. The beginning balance for the prior fiscal year was reduced by \$105,668 to reflect a change in accounting principle in the reporting of the self-insurance fund. The County's ending cash balance, for all funds, decreased by \$329,912, which represents an immaterial decrease from the prior fiscal year.

The County had \$47,160,045 in total Governmental Funds revenues. Tax revenues account for \$22,393,558 or 47% of total revenues. Intergovernmental revenues, in the form of reimbursements, shared revenue or grants, account for \$5,784,564 or 12% of total revenues. Long Term Debt was issued in the amount of \$5,249,133 or 11% of total revenues

The County had \$46,995,786 in total Governmental Funds expenses, which represents a decrease of \$13,473,204 or 22% from the prior fiscal year. Expenses in the amount of \$8,074,029 were offset by grants, outside contributions or debt being issued. General revenues and beginning cash of \$38,921,757 were adequate to provide for the remainder of the expenses.

Among major funds, the General Fund had \$25,012,942 in revenues and \$24,368,836 in expenditures The General Fund's fund balance increased \$644,106 over the prior year. The reason for the increase in the General Fund's fund balance was due to the collection of a receivable from the Madison County Medical Center and growth in property taxes.

Among major funds, the 911 and Emergency Management Fund had \$1,378,449 in revenues and \$1,180,591 in expenditures. The 911 and Emergency Management Fund's fund balance increased \$197,858 over the prior year. The reason for the increase in the 911 and Emergency Management Fund's fund balance was due to the issuance of long term capital debt.

Among major funds, the County Wide Road Maintenance Fund had \$4,215,893 in revenues and \$4,375,871 in expenditures. The County Wide Road Maintenance Fund's fund balance decreased \$159,978 under the prior year. The decrease in the County Wide Road Maintenance Fund was due to cost overruns in the construction and repair of county roads.

Among major funds, the Bridge and Culvert Fund had \$2,347,451 in revenues and \$2,193,874 in expenditures. The Bridge and Culvert Fund's fund balance increased \$153,577 over the prior year. The increase in the Bridge and Culvert Fund was due to growth in property taxes.

Among major funds, the Special Assessment Parkway I&S Fund had \$417,419 in revenues and \$400,385 in expenditures. The Special Assessment Parkway Fund's fund balance increased \$17,104 over the prior year. The increase in the Special Assessment Parkway Fund was due to prepayment of special assessment property taxes.

Among major funds, the General County I&S Fund had \$2,746,857 in revenues and \$3,447,380 in expenditures. The General County I&S Fund's fund balance decreased \$700,523 under the prior year. The decrease in the General County I&S Fund was due to expenditure of accumulated beginning cash.

Among major funds, the Road and Bridge Capital Project Fund had \$3,341,495 in revenues and \$3,339,712 in expenditures. The Road and Bridge Capital Project Fund's fund balance increased \$1,783. The increase in the Road and Bridge Capital Project Fund was due to unexpended long term debt proceeds.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$822,352 over the prior year. The increase in Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation, was primarily due to addition of infrastructure and construction-in-progress.

Long-term debt decreased by \$2,711,885 during the fiscal year. The county issued Capital Leases in the amount of \$1,143,466 and other debt in the amount of \$4,105,667.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements and 3) Notes to the basic financial statements. Required Supplementary Information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

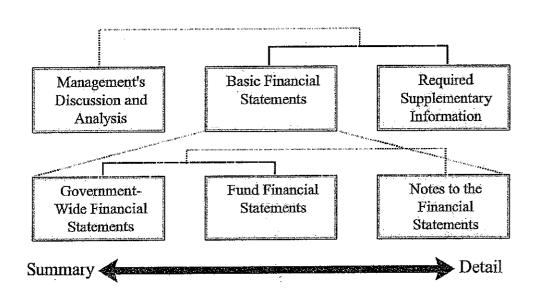


Figure 1 - Required Components of the County's Annual Report

Figure 1 shows how required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the County's financial statements, including the portion of the County's government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this section of Management's Discussion and Analysis explains the structure and content of each of the statements.

Figure 2 – Major Features of the County's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government -Wide Financial	Fund Financial Statements								
ļ	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds The County is the						
Scope	Entire County government (except fiduciary funds) and component units	All activities of the County that are not business-type or fiduciary in nature	Activities of the County that operate similar to private businesses	trustee or agent for someone else's resources						
Required financial statements	 Statement of net assets Statement of activities 	 Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances 	 Statement of net assets Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets 	 Statement of fiduciary net assets Statement of changes in net assets 						
			• Statement of cash flows	<i>*</i>						
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus						
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital and short and long term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short and long term	All assets and liabilities, both short and long term						
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services are received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid						

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County finances, in a manner similar to private-sector businesses.

The statement of net assets presents information on all County assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or part of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government; public safety; public works (roads and bridges); health and welfare; culture and recreation; education; economic development; and interest on long-term debt.

Component units are included in our basic financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable and that have substantially the same board as the County or provide services entirely to the County

The Government-wide Financial Statements can be found on pages 18 & 19 of this report

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a county's near-term financing requirements. Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The "Governmental Funds Balance Sheet" and the "Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances" both provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are on pages <u>22</u> and <u>25</u>, respectively.

The County maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the Mississippi County Financial Accounting Manual issued by the Mississippi Office of the State Auditor Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds All other non-major funds are combined together and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 21, 23, and 24 of this report

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accrual basis of accounting is used for fiduciary funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The County's fiduciary activities are presented in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets, which can be found on page 26 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents Required Supplementary Information concerning the County's budget process

The County adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major fund. This required supplementary information can be found on pages <u>46 - 49</u> of this report

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Assets – Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of Madison County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$16,538,595 as of September 30, 2005.

The largest portion of the County's net assets (50%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. roads, bridges, land, buildings, mobile equipment, furniture & equipment, leased property under capital lease and construction in progress) less related outstanding debt used to acquire such assets. The county uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens.

The County's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets

The following table presents a summary of the County's net assets for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005, as compared to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2004

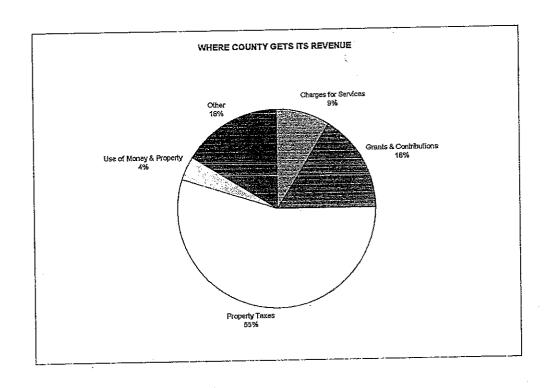
Current assets Capital assets, net Total assets	Current Year Governmental <u>Activities</u> \$ 35,810,016 <u>73,900,884</u> 109,710,900	Prior Year Governmental Activities \$ 36,206,486 73,078,532 109,285,018
Current liabilities Long-term debt outstanding Total liabilities	26,662,785 66,509,520 93,172,305	25,976,327 69,221,405 95,197,732
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total net assets	8,349,534 3,652,070 4,536,991 \$16,538,595	5,013,227 5,509,010 3,565,049 \$14,087,286

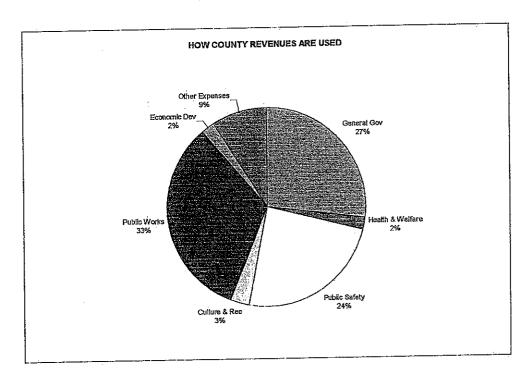
The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Assets

- Long-term debt was issued in the amount of \$5,249,133.
- \$8,099,376 of long-term debt principal was retired.

Changes in Net Assets – Madison County's total revenues for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005 was \$40,901,533. The total cost for all services provided was \$38,344,556. The increase in net assets was \$2,556,977. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net assets for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005, as compared to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2004.

Revenues:	Current Year Amount	Prior Year Amount
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 3,900,441	\$ 2,217,442
Operating grants and contributions	2,939,307	5,905,315
Capital grants and contributions	158,685	915,286
General revenues		
Property taxes	22,430,457	20,021,470
Grants and Contributions	3,582,060	3,309,248
Use of Money and Property	1,348,252	1,453,922
Other	<u>6,542,331</u>	2,896,397
Total Revenues	40,901,533	36,719,080
Expenses:		
General government	10,466,605	10,495,175
Public safety	9,281,251	5,172,362
Public works	12,510,761	16,980,375
Health and welfare	£ 8 77,80 3	1,158,546
Culture and recreation	1,135,872	1,271,940
Conservation of Natural Resources	442,536	351,149
Economic development	581,626	1,666,249
Other expenses	<u>3,048,102</u>	1,310,438
Total Expenses	<u>38,344,556</u>	38,406,234
Increase in Net Assets	<u>\$ 2,556,977</u>	(\$ 1,687,154)





Governmental Activities – The following table presents the cost of seven major functional activities of the County: General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, Health & Welfare, Culture and Recreation, Conservation of Natural Resources and Economic Development

The table also shows each function's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activity and intergovernmental aid provided for that activity) The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on Madison County's taxpayers by each of these functions.

General Government Public Safety Public Works Health & Welfare Culture & Recreation Conservation of Natural Resources	Total Costs \$ 10,466,605 9,281,251 12,510,761 877,803 1,135,872 442,536 581,626	Net <u>Costs</u> 7,979,678 6,841,938 10,810,566 685,704 1,084,761 442,536 452,838
Economic Development	581,626	452,8.58

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Governmental funds – At the close of the fiscal year, Madison County's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$9,012,219, a decrease of \$160,056. The primary reason for this decrease was a change in accounting principle in the treatment of beginning claims payable in governmental funds.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the County. The increase in the fund balance of the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$644,106. This increase was primarily due to the issuance of capital debt.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS OF MAJOR FUNDS

Over the course of the fiscal year, Madison County periodically revised its annual operating budget. At the end of the fiscal year Madison County amended its budget to reflect actual revenues received and expenditures made

After the final adjustment, actual revenues and disbursements were approximately equal to the final budget amounts

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the County's actual financial activity for the General Fund and other major funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets — As of September 30, 2005, Madison County's total capital assets was \$147,599,204. This includes additions to roads, bridges, and other infrastructure for the 2005 fiscal year; land, buildings, mobile equipment, furniture and equipment, leased property under capital lease and construction in progress. This amount represents an increase from the previous year of \$4,916,963. The majority of this increase was due to new infrastructure and construction in-progress.

Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2005 was \$5,090,555. The balance in total net capital assets was \$73,900,884 at year-end

Shown below are two tables that show the activity for Capital Assets, Depreciation Expense and reconciliation of the beginning Capital Asset balance from the prior year audit report to this fiscal year.

	Balance			Balance Sept. 30,
	Oct. 1, 2004	Additions	Deletions	2005
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		•	400 000	3,274,597
Land	3,403,435		-128,838	4,552,404
Construction in progress		4,552,404		4,002,404
Total capital assets, not being	a 100 10F	4 EEG 404 °	-128,838	7,827,001
depreciated	3,403,435	4,552,404	-120,000	7,027,04.
Capital assets, being depreciated:	28,697,150			28,697,150
Buildings	6,624,363	215,556	-834,023	6,005,896
Mobile equipment	2,444,411	480,025	-142,017	2,782,419
Other furniture and fixtures	1,954,960	793,760	-19,904	2,728,816
Capital leases	99,557,922	100,100	2 ::	99,557,922
Infrastructure	139,278,806	1,489,341	-995,944	139,772,203
Total capital assets being depreciated	100,210,000	1,100,0		
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:				
	7,785,926	749,272		8,535,198
Buildings Mobile equipment	2,998,034	460,409	-834,023	2,624,420
Other furniture and fixtures	144,071	116,720	-142,017	118,774
Capital leases	1,226,427	283,818	~19,904	1,490,341
Infrastructure	57,449,251	3,480,336		60,929,587
Total accumulated depreciation	69,603,709	5,090,555	-995,944	73,698,320
Total accumulated depresioner		- 14-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-	,	
Total capital assets, being depreciated,				
Net	69,675,097	-3,601,214	0	66,073,883
1100				
Governmental activities capital assets,		054 400	400 000	73,900,884
net	73,078,532	951,190	-128,838	73,300,004
- the second to the	o following			
Depreciation expense was charged to the functions:	ė ionowing			
jungions.				Amount
Governmental Activities:				
General government				\$ 969,039
Public safety				329,310
Public works				3,785,267
Health and welfare				1,430
Economic development				5,509
——————————————————————————————————————				

Total governmental activities depreciation expense

5,090,555

Debt Administration — At September 30, 2005, Madison County had \$66,509,520 in long-term debt outstanding. This includes general obligation bonds, limited obligation bonds, special assessment debt, other debt and obligations under capital leases. Of this debt, \$3,376,516 is due within one year.

In the past year, the County issued \$5,387,490 in Capital Leases and Mississippi Development Bank draw downs for road construction and equipment

The State of Mississippi limits the amount of debt a county can issue to generally 15% of total assessed value. The County's outstanding debt is significantly below its current limit.

Shown below is a table showing the balance of long term debt for this fiscal year. This table breaks down the debt by the type of issue.

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Compensated absences General obligation	465,544	138,357		603,901	
bonds	45,835,000		3,020,000	42,815,000	2,020,000
Limited obligation bonds	17,735,000		3,730,000	14,005,000	145,000
Special assessment bonds	2,650,000		280,000	2,370,000	295,000
Capital leases	1,560,813	1,143,466	843,036	1,861,243	701,465
Other Loans	975,048_	4,105,667	226,339	4,854,376	215,051
*					e.
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	69,221,405	5,387,490	8,099,375	66,509,520	3,376,516

CURRENT AND FUTURE ITEMS OF IMPACT

Madison County continues to see growth and progress through the location of Nissan North America in the county. The addition of Nissan and related industries in 2004 took the assessed valuation of Madison County to over the 1 billion dollar level.

Ad valorem levy rates were reduced in Madison County, while ad valorem collections continue to increase This growth has led the way to residential development, new road construction projects and interchanges which will serve to promote further economic growth in the county

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Madison County Comptroller's office at P.O. Box 608, Canton, Mississippi 39046.

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MADISON COUNTY Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2005	Exhibit 1 Primary Government
	Governmental
	<u>Activities</u>
ASSETS Cash	\$ 11,848,820
Cash with fiscal agent	434
Property tax receivable	18,974,635
Fin es receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$61,634	376,892
Loans receivable	354,222 652,846
Capital leases receivable	810,175
Intergovernmental receivables	2,4679,992
Other receivables, net	112,000
Bond issue cost, net	73,900,884
Capital assets, net	109,710,900
Total Assets	109,710,900
LIABILITIES	
Claims payable	1,357,694
Claims and judgements	329,471
Intergovernmental payables	1,635,443
Accrued interest payable	874,656
Deferred revenue	21,476,706
Other payables	629,602
Long-term liabilities	
Due within one year:	3,249,933
Capital related debt	126,583
Non-capital debt	120,363
Due in more than one year:	62,301,417
Capital related debt	831,587
Non-capital debt	92,813,092
Total Liabilities	ر المورد و مريد و مريد و مورد و مريد و م

NET ASSETS
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt
Restricted net assets:

8,349,534

Expendable: 1,107,446 Public safety 1,081,700 Public works 5,260 Health and welfare 67,194 Culture and recreation 597,918 Economic development 2,394 Capital projects 17,539 Debt service 772,619 Other 4,536,991 Unrestricted 16,538,595 **Total Net Assets**

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

MADISON COUNTY Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	rimary Government Governmental	Activities		020 678)	(0/0,6/6/1)	(6,841,938)	10,810,566)	(685,704)	(1,084,761)	(442,536)	(452,838)	(3,048,102)	(31,346,123)
Net (Expe Changes 1	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Contributions		Ę	<u>ک</u>		31,397 (10		T)		127,288		158,685 (3)
	Operating Grants and	Contributions			1969/	1,209,787	1,407,843	192,099	51,111		1,500		2.939.307
December Perentes	Fines, Forfeitures and Charges for	Services		;	2,409,960	1,229,526	260,955					;	3 900 441
		Expenses			10,466,605	9,281,251	12,510,761	877,803	1,135,872	442,536	581,626	3,048,102	38 344 556
rot lie i eat exiden deplembet du, 2003		Functions/Programs	Primary government:	Governmental activities:	General government	Public safety	Public works	Health and welfare	Culture and recreation	Conservation of natural resources	Economic development and assistance	Interest on iong-term debt	Total Gorgenmental Activities

		\$ 77,430,437	3,582,060	1,348,252	1,378,186	2,393,145	2,771,000	33,903,100	2,556,977	14,087,286	218,647	(324,315)	13,981,618	\$ 16,538,595
General revenues:	Taxes:	Property taxes	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	Unrestricted investment income	Payments in lieu of taxes	Miscellaneous	Lease principal and interest received	Total General Revenues	Changes in Net Assets	Net Assets - Beginning	Fund Reciassification: Self-insurance fund net assets at 9-30-04	Beginning self-insurance claims payable that would have been paid in the government-wide fund	Not Assets - Beginning restated	Net Assets - Ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MADISON COUNTY
Baiance Sheet - Governmental Funds
September 30, 2005

Total Governmental Funds	11,848,820	18,974,635 376,892	354,222 652,847 810 175	2,413,962	280,000	36,041,629		1,356,664 329,471	1,639,899	329,642	2,370,000	20,004,374	27,029,410		280,000	259,420	434		2,126,462 2,989,721	1,960	9,012,219	36,041,629
Other Governmental Funds	1,978,780	1,187,161	354,222 168,254	59.879		3,748,730		155,784		15.000		1,355,415	1,526,199			178,927	434,426		10289	177	2,222,531	3,748,730
Road and Bridge Capital Projects Fund	1,783					1,783							0							1,783	1,783	1,783
General County I & S Fund		1,818,268		\$8.408		1,876,676						1,818,268	1,818,268			58,408					58,408	1,876,676
Special Assessment Parkway I & S	22,085			2,370,000		2,392,085					2,370,000		2,370,000			22,085					22,085	2,392,085
Bridge and Cuivert Fund	676,770	1,825,967		5.4 3.85	700°510	2,557,122		56,484				1,825,967	1,882,451						674 671	10°F 10	674,671	2,557,122
Road Maintenance Fund	205,986	2,015,148		020 951	01/00/1	2,378,104		254,955				2,015,148	2,270,103						100 001	i porino	108,001	2,378,104
911 and Emergency Management Fund	723,343					723,343		205,065					205,065						510 770	5 (**°D+')	518,278	723,343
General	\$ 8,240,073	12,128,091 376,892	484,593	43,962	280,000	\$ 22,363,786		\$ 684,376 329,471	1,639,899	329,642		12,989,576	16,957,324		280,000				5,126,462		5,406,462	\$ 22,363,786
	ASSETS Cash Cash with fiscal agent	Property tax receivable Fines receivable	Loans receivable Capital lease receivable Information constructor	ance governmental receivables Other receivables Due from other finds	Advances to other funds	Total Assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities;	Claims payable Claims and judgements	Intergovernmental payables	Due to other mads. Advances from other finds	Deferred revenues - special assessments	Deferred revenue	Other payables Total Liabilities	Fund balances:	Reserved for: Advances	Debt service funds	Loans ferelyable Per bond agreement	Unreserved, reported in:	General Fund Special Revenue Bunds	Capital Project Funds	Total Fund Balances	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MADISON COUNTY Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2005		Exhibit 3-1
	<i></i>	Amount
Total fund balance - governmental funds (Exhibit 3)	\$	9,012,219
Amounts reported for governmental services in the Statement of Net Assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		73,900,884
Bond issue costs are amortized over the life of the bonds and, therefore, are not current period expenditures.		112,000
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Fines receivable		376,892
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current-period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-tem liabilities Accrued interest on bonds		(66,509,520) (874,656)
Capital leases are not available to pay for current year expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		520,775
Rounding adjustment	_	1
Total net assets - governmental activities (Exhibit 1)	\$	16,538,595
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		

MADISON COUNTY Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

	Totai Governmentai Funds	22,393,558 1,100,167 2,515,704	780,761 4,589,564 2,779,613	379,296 1,378,186 1,889,167	37,806,016	11,008,897 9,939,535 12,168,757 818,235 1,135,872 308,759 574,981	8,099,375 2,941,375 46,995,786	(9,189,770)
	Other Governmental Funds	2,661,088	65,860 1,901,197 503,349	1,378,186 427,869	6,966,793	120,358 1,212,811 2,705,485 1,108,557	1,906,353	(1,926,485)
302	Road and Bridge Capital Projects Fund	4.700			4,700	3,339,712	3,339,712	(3,335,012)
226	General County I& S Fund	2,476,537	7,555	1,500	2,663,098		2,500,000 947,380 3,447,380	(784,282)
210	Special Assessment Parkway I & S Fund			417,489	417,489		280,000 120,385 400,385	17,104
160	Bridge and Culvert Fund	2,336,268	\$66'9	4,900	2,347,451	2,018,457	20,277 4,448 2,043,182	304,269
150	Road Maintenance Fund	2,097,221 1,100,167	794,968	2,000	4,150,893	3,882,638	326,539 33,187 4,242,364	(91,471)
26	911 and Emergency Management Fund		112,990	5,000	1,029,053	980,856	125,806 9,929 1,116,591	(87,538)
Major Funds	General	\$ 12,822,444	714,901 1,765,859 1,187,896	348,412	20,226,539	10,888,539 7,745,868 222,465 818,235 27,315 308,759 9,600	2,940,400 551,713 23,512,894	(3,286,355)
	ספוו אוימולאינו מ	NEVENUES Property taxes Road and bridge privilege taxes	Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	Interest income Payments in lieu of taxes Miscellaneous revenues	Total Revenues	EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Culture and recreation Conservation of natural resources Economic development and assistance Deht service:	Principal Interest Total Expenditures	Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures

MADISON COUNTY Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

Totai Governmentai Funds	5,249,133 2,771,000 1,280,000	53,896 1,289,507 (1,289,507)	9,354,029	164,259	9,172,275	(324,315)	8,847,960	9,012,219
Other Governmental Funds	1,250,000	772,183	1,936,817	10,332	2,212,199		2,212,199	2,222,531
Road and Bridge Capital Project Fund	3,117,596	219,199	3,336,795	1,783			0	1,783
General County I & S Fund		83,759	83,759	(700,523)	758,931		758,931	58,408
Special Assessment Parkway I & S			0	17,104	4,981		4,981	22,085
Bridge & Culvert Fund		(150,692)	(150,692)	153,577	521,094		521,094	674,671
Road Maintenance Fund		65,000	(68,507)	(159,978)	303,654	(35,675)	267,979	108,001
911 and Emergency Management Fund	349,396	(64,000)	285,396	197,858	320,420		320,420	518,278
General	1,782,141 2,771,000 30,000	53,896 149,366 (855,942)	3,930,461	644,106	5,050,996	(288,640)	4,762,356	\$ 5,406,462
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-term capital debt issued Funds received from nospital for loan payoff Capital lease principal received	Compensation for ioss of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	Net Changes in Fund Balances	Fund Baiances - Beginning Change in accounting principal beginning	claims payable in governmental funds	Fund Balances - Beginning, restated	Fund Balances - Ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 4-1 MADISON COUNTY Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2005 <u>Amount</u> 164,259 Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4) Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that capital outlays 951,190 \$6,041,745 exceeded depreciation \$5,090,555 in the current period In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the governmental funds, proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources and loss from the sale of capital assets decrease financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the sale of land through MCEDA. The land was titled to the county and included in fixed assets, but proceeds from the sale remained with MCEDA. Deletion of the assets was charged to economic development (128,838)and assistance expense Fine revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required 259,209 on the statement of activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that debt 2,850,242 repayments \$8,099,375 exceeded debt proceeds \$5,249,133. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on longterm debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by a combination of the following items: (138,357) Compensated absences (106,728) Accrued interest payable (14,000)Bond issue cost amortized in government-wide statements In the Statement of Activities, (Exhibit 2) only interest income from payments capital received on leases are reported, whereas in the governmental funds, both principal

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)

and interest payments received increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from change in fund balances by the principal collections on the capital leases.

(1.280,000)

2,556,977

MADISON COUNTY Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities September 30, 2005	Exhibit 5
	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash Total Assets	\$ 416,637 \$ 416,637
LIABILITIES Claims payable and other accrued liabilities Advances from other funds Total Liabilities	151,637 265,000 \$ 416,637

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

A Financial Reporting Entity

Madison County is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi. The county is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Madison County to present these financial statements on the primary government and its component units which have significant operational or financial relationships with the county

Management has chosen to omit from these financial statements the following component units which have significant operational or financial relationships with the county Accordingly, the financial statements do not include the data of all of the county's component units necessary for reporting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

- Lake Lorman Utility District
- West Madison Utility District
- Madison County Library System
- Farmhaven Fire District
- South Madison Fire District

B Blended Component Units

Certain component units, although legally separate from the primary government, are nevertheless so intertwined with the primary government that they are, in substance, the same as the primary government. Therefore, these component units are reported as if they are part of the primary government. The following component units balances and transactions are blended with the balances and transactions of the primary government.

Madison County has executed a trust agreement and other legal documents with Madison County Public Improvement Corporation, a component unit of the county. The trust accounts created by the agreement constitute an inseparable part of the county. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources/uses of the trust accounts created by the agreements are included as part of the county's financial statements, thereby eliminating the effects of the lease agreement for financial reporting purposes. (See Note 11)

Madison County has also entered into various transactions with Madison County Economic Development Authority (MCEDA), a component unit of the county. The county has issued limited obligation industrial development bonds, the proceeds of which were used by MCEDA to construct various enterprises by executing lease purchase agreements with MCEDA. The lease payments are made by the lessees directly to the county and are approximately equal to the amounts required to pay the annual principal and interest due on the related limited obligation bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

Madison County has issued general obligation bonds and incurred other indebtedness to acquire various industrial parks and other real estate which are owned by MCEDA. The authority is required by statute to remit to the county 90% of any sales of land acquired using the proceeds of this indebtedness until such indebtedness has been repaid.

The county also provided funding of approximately \$434,554 in the current fiscal year for MCDEA's operations through levying of property taxes and from other sources.

The assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources/uses related to these transactions are included as part of the county's financial statements because they constitute an inseparable part of the county.

State law pertaining to county government provides for the independent election of county officials. The following elected and appointed officials are all part of the county legal entity and therefore are reported as part of the primary government financial statements.

- Board of Supervisors
- Chancery Clerk
- Circuit Clerk
- Justice Court Clerk
- Purchase Clerk
- Tax Assessor
- Tax Collector
- Sheriff

C. Basis of Presentation.

The county's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities and fund financial statements, which provide a detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information concerning the county as a whole. The statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the county at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the county's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the county, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the county.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the county are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. Funds are organized into governmental, and fiduciary. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

D.

The Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenue is recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the county. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied

Governmental financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year-end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

The county reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - Account for all activities of the general government for which a separate fund has not been established.

911 and Emergency Management Fund – Accounts for operation of emergency management for the county, funded by fees, state grants, and other sources.

Road Maintenance Fund – Accounts for monies from specific revenue sources that are restricted for road maintenance.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

Bridge and Culvert Fund - Accounts for monies from specific revenue sources that are restricted for bridge and culvert expenditures

Special Assessment Parkway I & S Fund - Accounts for collection of special assessment revenues and the repayment of debt associated with the special assessment, parkway special assessment refunding bonds, Series 1998.

General County I & S Fund – Accounts for monies from specific revenue sources that are restricted for repayment of general obligation debt. Issues paid from this fund include G. O. refunding bonds (Courthouse), Series 1998, G. O. refunding bonds (Detention Center), Series 1998, G. O. road and bridge bonds (Nissan), and G. O. refunding bonds.

Road and Bridge Capital Projects Fund – Accounts for capital projects funded by a MS Development Bank loan. Projects for the current fiscal year include Reunion Parkway, Gluckstadt 5 Lane, and Calhoun Station capital improvements

Additionally, the county reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special Revenue Funds account for, among others, certain federal grant programs, taxes levied with statutorily defined distributions and other resources restricted as to purpose.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> · These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Such resources are derived principally from proceeds of general obligation bond issues and federal grants

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

Agency Funds - These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the county, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

E Account Classifications

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2005 by the Government Finance Officers Association

F Deposits and Investments.

State law authorizes the county to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the county may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. However, the county did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.

G. Receivables.

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable

H Interfund Transactions and Balances

Transactions between funds that are representative of short term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Noncurrent portions of interfund receivables and payables are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Assets.

I. Capital Assets.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statement. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital assets, other than infrastructure, costs have been estimated and the methods of estimation are not readily available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capitalized on capital assets

Governmental accounting and financial reporting standards allow governments meeting certain criteria to retroactively report major general infrastructure assets by September 30, 2007. Current year general infrastructure assets are required to be reported. General infrastructure assets acquired after September 30, 1980, are reported on the government-wide financial statements. Current year general infrastructure assets are reported on the government-wide financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

	 Capitalization Thresholds	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	n/a
Infrastructure	0	20-50 years
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

^{*} Leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

J Long-term Liabilities.

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities Statement of Net Assets. Bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Fund Types recognize bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K Equity Classifications

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net assets. Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets - All other net assets not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is classified as reserved or unreserved.

Unreserved fund balance represents the amount available for budgeting future operations. Reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not appropriable or are legally segregated for a specific purpose.

L. Property Tax Revenues.

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Supervisors may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the county. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Supervisors, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectibility criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

M Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

N. Compensated Absences.

The county has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee personal leave. No payment is authorized for accrued major medical leave. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require accrual of accumulated unpaid employee benefits as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statement. In fund financial statements, governmental funds report the compensated absence liability payable only if the payable has matured, for example an employee resigns or retires.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

(2) Changes in Accounting Standards.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005, the county implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3. GASB Statement No. 40 addresses common deposit and investment risks related to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. The provisions of this new statement have been incorporated into the financial statements and the accompanying notes

(3) Fund Reclassification

The Self-Insurance fund's beginning fund balance of \$-218,647 was reclassified from the Internal Service fund to a beginning liability in the individual funds because, effective October 1, 2004, it became the objective to account for insurance expenses in the individual funds.

(4) Deposits.

The carrying amount of the county's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2005, was \$12,265,891 and the bank balance was \$12,697,015. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the county will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The county does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the county. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the county.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

(3) Interfund Transactions and Balances.

The following is a summary of interfund balances at September 30, 2005:

A. Due From/To Other Funds:

Due From	Due To	 Amount
Road Maintenance Fund	General Fund	\$ 156,970
Bridge and Culvent Fund	General Fund	54,385
General County I & S Fund	General Fund	58,408
Other governmental funds	General Fund	 59,879
Total		\$ 329,642

Amounts listed are the tax revenues collected but not settled until October, 2003. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

B. Advances From/To Other Funds:

Advances From	Advances To	<u></u>	Amount
General Funds General Funds	Agency Funds Other governmental funds	\$	265,000 15,000
Total		\$	280,000

Included in Advances are \$265,000, for funds advanced to the Self-insurance Fund for healthcare expenses and \$15,000, for advances to the Adolescent Offense Program Fund for operating expenses. These are expected to be repaid to the General Fund in the near future.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

		For the Year Ended September 30, 2003
C	Transfers In/Out:	

C Transfers In/Out:			
Transfers From	Transfers To		Amount
General Fund	General County I & S	\$	83,759
General Fund	Other governmental funds		772,183
911 & Emergency Management	General Fund		64,000
Road Maintenance	Road & Bridge Capital Projects		133,507
Bridge & Culvert	Road & Bridge Capital Projects		85,692
Bridge & Culvert	Road Maintenance		65,000
Other governmental funds	General Fund		85,366
Total		\$	1,289,507
Amounts listed were transfers for no	ormal operations of the county		
Intergovernmental Receivables			
Intergovernmental receivables at Sep	ptember 30, 2005, consisted of the following:		
Governmental Activities:			
Description	entermonale de l'act delle le representation de della delle	<u></u>	Amount

(5) Loans Receivable.

Legislative tag credit

(4)

Loans receivable balances at September 30, 2005, are as follows:

Description	Date of Loan	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Alegadiya d - Sa Sa, yaka daya	Balance Payable
IMS Autrans	03/28/03	2%	06/1/08	\$	354,222

810,175

(6) Capital Assets.

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2005:

	 Balance Oct. 1, 2004	Additions	Deletions	Balance Sept. 30, 2005
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:			- M	
Land	\$ 3,403,435		(128,838)	3,274,597
Construction in progress		4,552,404		4,552,404
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 3,403,435	4,552,404	(128,838)	7,827,001

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

	Balance				Balance
_	Oct. 1, 2004	Additions	Deletions	S	ept. 30, 2005
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	28,697,150				28,697,150
Mobile equipment	6,624,363	215,556	(834,023)		6,005,896
Other furniture and fixtures	2,444,411	480,025	(142,017)		2,782,419
Capital leases	1,954,960	793,760	(19,904)		2,728,816
Infrastructure	99,557,922				99,557,922
Total capital assets being depreciated	139,278,806	1,489,341	(995,944)		139,772,203
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	7,785,926	749,272			8,535,198
Mobile equipment	2,998,034	460,409	(834,023)		2,624,420
Other furniture and fixtures	144,071	116,720	(142,017)		118,774
Capital leases	1,226,427	283,818	(19,904)		1,490,341
Infrastructure	57,449,251	3,480,336			60,929,587
Total accumulated depreciation	69,603,709	5,090,555	(995,944)		73,698,320
		•			
Total capital assets, being depreciated,		(0.001.01.1)	0		66,073,883
net	69,675,097	(3,601,214)	0		00,013,863
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$	73,078,532	951,190	(128,838)		73,900,884
Depreciation expense was charged to the following	owing functions.	i			Amount
Governmental Activities:	*				
General government		4		\$	969,039
Public safety					329,310
Public works					3,785,267
Health and welfare					1,430
Economic development					5,509
design and the second second of second processing					
Iotal governmental activities depreciation	expense			\$	5,090,555

Commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects at September 30, 2005, consisted of the following:

Description of Commitment		Remaining Financial Commitment	Expected Date of Completion
Camden Fire Station	\$	35,626	retainage only-Building is completed
Admin/Chancery Building	-	4,969,799	November-07
Reunion Phase 2		2,458,660	December-06
Gluckstadt 5-lane		1,800,000	March-07

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

(7) Claims and Judgments.

Risk Financing

The county finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The county pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$750,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by the Workers' Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention, provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective from January 1, 2005, to January 1, 2006. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

The county finances its exposure to risk of loss relating to employee health and accident coverage. Beginning in 1997 and pursuant to Section 25-15-101, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the county established a risk management fund to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss. The Madison County Board of Supervisors has extended coverage to the employees of the Madison County Human Resource Agency.

Under the plan, amounts payable to the risk management fund are based on actuarial estimates. Each participating public entity, including Madison County, pays the premium on a single coverage policy for its respective employees Employees desiring additional and/or dependent coverage pay the additional premium through a payroll deduction. Premium payments to the risk management fund are determined on an actuarial basis. The county has a minimum uninsured risk retention for all participating entities, including Madison County, to the extent that actual claims submitted exceed the predetermined premium. The county has implemented the following plan to minimize this potential loss:

The county has purchased coinsurance which functions on specific loss coverage. This coverage is purchased from an outside commercial carrier. For the current fiscal year, the specific coverage begins when an individual participant's claim exceeds \$50,000.

Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). At September 30, 2005, the amount of these liabilities was \$329,471. An analysis of claims activities is presented below:

	 Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Balance at Fiscal Year End
2003-2004	\$ 215,409	1,572,790	1,463,884	324,315
2005-2006	\$ 324,315	1,906,614	1,901,458	329,471

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

(8) Capital Leases.

As Lesson:

The county leases the following property with varying terms and options as of September 30, 2005:

Classes of Property	Amount
Land and buildings	\$5,910,193

The future minimum lease receivables and the present value of the net minimum lease receivables as of September 30, 2005, are as follows:

Year Ended September 30	<u>P</u>	rincipal	Interest
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011-2014		125,775 95,000 35,000 40,000 40,000 185,000	30,588 23,975 18,183 16,135 13,735 29,455
Total	\$	520,775	132,071

As Lessee:

The county is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2005:

Classes of Property	Governmental Activities
Mobile equipment Other furniture and equipment	\$ 2,380,220 348,596
Total Less: Accumulated depreciation	2,728,816 1,490,341
Leased Property Under Capital Leases	\$ <u>1,238,475</u>

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due as of September 30, 2005:

	Governmental Activities				
Year Ending September 30		Principal	Interest		
2006 2007 2008 2009	\$	701,465 850,833 99,211 5,157	50,240 21,494 2,034 18		
Total	\$	1,656,666	73,786		

An IBM upgrade in the amount of \$337,000 has a variable interest rate and is not included

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

(9) Long-term Debt.

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2005, consisted of the following:

				Final
	Interest			Maturity
Ригроѕе	Rates		Amount	Date
General Obligation Bonds:				
G O, refunding bonds (Courthouse), Series 1998	4.4 to 5.5	\$	3,875,000	06-2014
G. O. road and Bridge bonds (Nissan)	5 to 5.75	Ψ.	22,025,000	
-	2.7 to 3.3		5,330,000	
G O refunding bonds	4 to 6		11,585,000	06-2024
G O refunding bond project	4 10 0		11,505,000	00 2021
Total G. O. Bonds			42,815,000	
Limited Obligation Bonds:				
Industrial development, Series 1992	5.8 to 6.3		115,000	05-2007
Certificates of participation, 1991 issue	6.6 to 6.75		90,000	10-2006
MS Hospital refunding project, Series 2002	Variable		9,600,000	
Taxable special obligation bonds, Series 2003	Variable		4,200,000	12-2023
Total Limited Obligation Bonds			14,005,000	
Special Assessment Bonds:				
Parkway special assessment refunding bonds,				
Series 1998	4.35 to 6.0		2,370,000	06-2012
Capital Leases:				
1 2003 Sterling chassis knuckleboom	3.11		33,636	06-2007
2 Model 580 Super M loader/extendahoes	3.06		89,553	06-2007
3 Case Model 580 Super M loader/extendahoes	3.06		134,330	06-2007
IBM computer upgrade	705		6,958	11-2005
IBM computer upgrade	Variable		204,577	
12 John Deer Cab 6715 tractors	3.87		318,474	09-2007
8 Alamo cutters, 2 machine mowers, 2 Interstates	3.87		169,517	09-2007
1 Etnyre blacktop shooter, Etnyre chip spreader	3.87		119,506	
40 Crown Victorias	3.85		561,102	
Emergency 911 Equipment	4.21		223,590	11-2009
minestored and arteriore		_		
Total Capital Leases			1,861,243	

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount	Final Maturity Date
Other Loans:			
Capital improvement loan	4	88,225	09-2013
Industrial development	0	239,596	09-2007
Industrial development	2	354,270	06-2008
\$15 million line of credit - MS Development Bank	Variable	4,172,285	07-2024
Total Other Loans		4,854,376	
Total Debt		\$ 65,905,619	

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the following debt reported in the Statement of Net Assets are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General obligation bonds:

	Governmental Activities				
Year Ending September 30		Principal	Interest		
2006 2007 2008	\$	2,020,000 1,845,000 1,925,000	2,053,341 1,957,171 1,876,664		
2009 2010 2011-2015		2,015,000 2,175,000 11,405,000 8,910,000	1,791,574 1,697,451 6,894,888 4,580,563		
2016-2020 2021-2025 2026-2031		10,755,000 1,765,000	2,102,178 92,661		
Total	\$	42,815,000	23,046,491		
Limited obligation bonds:		Deimairaí	Interest		
Year Ending September 30		Principal	Interest		
2006 2007	\$	145,000 60,000	13,265 3,780		
Total	\$	205,000	17,045		

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

Special assessment bonds:

Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest
2006	\$ 295,000	105,645
2007	305,000	92,069
2008	320,000	77,770
2009	335,000	62,538
2010	355,000	46,145
2011-2012	760,000	38,063
Total	\$ 2,370,000	422,230
Other loans:		
Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest
2005	\$	
2006	215,051	9,559
2007	217,956	
	187,734	3,681
2008		
2008 2009	9,698	2,281
2008 2009 2010	9,698 10,093	2,281 1,886
2009	9,698	2,281 1,886

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt, that can be incurred by the county is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the county, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever a county issues bonds to repair or replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the county. As of September 30, 2005, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 6.2% of the latest property assessments.

* Special assessment debt of \$4,680,000 was issued on April 1, 1992, to construct a boulevard under the provisions of Senate Bill 3036, Laws of 1989. Refunding bonds of \$4,030,000 were issued on March 1, 1998, to pay off the original issue early. The bonds are secured by the full faith and credit of Madison County. A "Special Assessment Tax" was levied against all of the benefited property owners. The county will levy annually this special assessment tax upon all taxable property in the benefited area of the south Madison County Parkway adequate and sufficient to provide for the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds as the same fall due over a period of 14 years. The original bonds are considered defeased at September 30, 2003. The principal balance outstanding on the refunding issue at September 30, 2005, is \$2,370,000.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2005:

~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:				•	
Compensated absences	\$ 465,544	138,357		603,901	
General obligation bonds	45,835,000		3,020,000	42,815,000	2,020,000
Limited obligation bonds	17,735,000		3,730,000	14,005,000	145,000
Special assessment bonds	2,650,000		280,000	2,370,000	295,000
Capital leases	1,560,813	1,143,466	843,036	1,861,243	701,465
Other Loans	975,048	4,105,667	226,339	4,854,376	215,051
Governmental activity					
long-term liabilities	\$ 69,221,405	5,387,490	8,099,375	66,509,520	3,376,516

The annual debt service requirements for the \$4,200,000 taxable special obligation bonds, Series 2003, the \$337,000 IBM upgrade lease, the \$15 million line of credit from MS Development Bank, and the \$12,000,000 Mississippi Hospital refunding project, Series 2002, can not be determined because these loans have variable rates of interest

The County entered into a \$349,706 lease-purchase agreement for 911 Emergency equipment in the prior fiscal year that was not added to fixed assets until this year.

#### (10) Contingencies.

<u>Federal Grants</u> The county has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the county. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the county's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> - The county is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the county with respect to the various proceedings. However, the county's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the county

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

(11) Trust Agreement Related to Lease of Property from Madison County Public Improvement Corporation.

Madison County executed trust agreements and other legal documents by and between the county, Madison County Public Improvement Corporation (the Corporation) and financial institutions (the Trustees).

The trust agreements authorized the corporation to issue certificates of participation (a form of debt financing classified as limited obligation bonds) to be used to provide financing for the construction of various public facilities which are being leased to the county. The leases represent capital leases under which ownership of the projects will transfer to the county upon complete retirement of the certificates of participation. The county is obligated to make lease payments to the trustees in an amount equal to the debt service requirements for the certificates of participation. The amount of debt outstanding at September 30, 2005, was \$90,000 (See Note 9). The lease rental payments by the county will be used by the trustees to pay the principal and interest payments due on the certificates of participation.

In connection with the 1994 project, the county acquired certain property which has been subleased to the City of Madison (the City). Under the terms of the agreement, the City is required to make lease payments to the county for 20 years. The lease payments have been calculated to amortize the \$600,000 purchase price over 20 years at an average annual interest rate of 5.84%. The City has a right to purchase the leased property upon the expiration of the lease term, or upon such earlier date as may be agreed upon, at a price not to exceed the unpaid principal balance at that time. The amount due at September 30, 2005, was \$365,000. This amount has been recorded as lease payments receivable and a corresponding amount is shown as deferred revenue-leasing transactions at September 30, 2005.

The trust accounts created by these agreements constitute an inseparable part of the county. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources/uses of the trust accounts created by these trust agreements are included as part of the county's financial statements, thereby eliminating the effects of the lease agreements for financial reporting purposes.

(12) Jointly Governed Organizations.

The county participates in the following jointly governed organizations:

Holmes Community College operates in a district composed of the Counties of Attala, Carroll, Choctaw, Grenada, Holmes, Madison, Montgomery, Webster and Yazoo. The Madison County Board of Supervisors appoints two of the 22 members of the college board of trustees. The county appropriated \$930,472 for maintenance and support of the college in fiscal year 2005.

Region 8 Mental Health - Mental Retardation Commission operates in a district composed of the Counties of Copiah, Madison, Rankin and Simpson. The Madison County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the four members of the board of commissioners. The county appropriated \$110,017 for maintenance and support of the center in fiscal year 2005.

Central Mississippi Planning and Development District operates in a district composed of the counties of Copiah, Hinds, Madison, Rankin, Simpson, Warren and Yazoo. The Madison County Board of Supervisors appoints three of the 33 members of the board of directors. The county appropriated \$9,600 for maintenance and support of the district in fiscal year 2005

The Madison County Human Resource Agency was organized under Section 17-15-1, Miss Code Ann (1972), to administer programs conducted by community action agencies, limited purpose agencies and related programs authorized by law. The Madison County Board of Supervisors appoints three of the 15 board members. The county appropriated \$207,183 for maintenance and support of the agency in fiscal year 2005

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

The Madison County Wastewater Authority was organized under House Bill Number 1640 Local and Private Laws of the State of Mississippi, 2001, for the acquisition, construction and operation of user-funded wastewater systems, in order to prevent and control the pollution of the waters in the county. The Madison County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the nine members of the board of directors. The county made no appropriation to the Authority in fiscal year 2005.

#### (13) Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

<u>Plan Description.</u> Madison County, Mississippi, contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state law and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

Funding Policy. PERS members are required to contribute 7.25% of their annual covered salary, and the county is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 10.75%, an increase from 9.75% on July 1, 2005, of annual covered payroli. The contribution requirements of PERS members are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The county's contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were \$986,768, \$876,883 and \$800,895 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

#### (14) Subsequent Events

Subsequent to September 30, 2005, Madison County issued the following debt obligation:

Issue Date	Interest Rate	 Issue Amount	Type of Financing	Source of Financing
05/26/06 06/19/06 07/27/06 07/27/06	4.25 to 5 % 4.99% 4.89%	\$ 17,500,000 130,631 854,910 422,800	G. O. bonds Lease purchase Lease purchase Lease purchase	Advalorem tax Advalorem tax Advalorem tax Advalorem tax

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MADISON COUNTY
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
General Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

		Octobrid	Final	Actual (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original Budget	Final Budget	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES		Dunger	Dadget		
Property taxes	\$	14,410,358	12,731,450	12,731,810	360
Licenses, commissions and other revenue	-	1,440,000	2,439,669	2,456,603	16,934
Fines and forfeitures		1,275,000	677,753	677,753	
Intergovernmental revenues		2,934,300	2,473,745	2,524,190	50,445
Charges for services		1,308,000	1,116,106	1,118,896	2,790
Interest income		61,000	321,353	321,353	
Miscellaneous revenues	****	393,000	1,306,932	1,303,698	(3,234)
Total Revenues		21,821,658	21,067,008	21,134,303	67,295
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					****
General government		12,774,573	12,100,348	11,504,250	596,098
Public safety		7,551,395	7,547,301	7,290,325	256,976
Public works		5,253,000	222,465	222,465	
Health and welfare		744,432	706,295	706,295	
Culture and recreation		21,200	24,792	24,792	
Education		540,000	2,144,827 323,820	2,144,827 323,820	
Conservation of natural resources		345,227	323,820 130,622	9,600	121,022
Economic development and assistance Debt service:		226,600	150,022	9,000	121,022
Principal and interest		89,000	414,493	514,549	(100,056)
Other costs			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total Expenditures	_	27,545,427	23,614,963	22,740,923	874,040
Excess of Revenues		•			
over (under) Expenditures		(5,723,769)	(2,547,955)	(1,606,620)	941,335
0.02 (111211) 2512-1111	1-1-1-1				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds of long-term debt		5,000,000	988,071	988,071	44.00 00M
Sale of capital assets		200,000	360,893	# <b>#</b> 50#	(360,893)
Compensation for loss of capital assets		4 422 000	موجرم بملوشو يو	53,893	53,893
Transfers in		1,098,000	2,555,665	2,555,665	(506 140)
Transfers out		(700,000)	(755,000)	(1,351,140)	(596,140) (60,771)
Collection of loan MCMC			60,771		(00,771)
Other financing uses		5,598,000	3,210,400	2,246,489	(963,911)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		3,370,000	3,210,400	2,210,102	(30333117
Net Change in Fund Balance		(125,769)	662,445	639,869	(22,576)
Fund Balances - Beginning		5,336,000	5,812,728		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	5,210,231	6,475,173	639,869	(22,576)

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) 911 and Emergency Management For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

			Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	(Budgetary	Positive
	Budget	Budget	Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES		44		
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 75,000	112,990	112,990	
Charges for services	820,000	909,759	911,063	1,304
Interest income	5,000	5,000	5,000	
Total Revenues	900,000	1,027,749	1,029,053	1,304
EXPENDITURES				
Current:			650 042	
Public safety	934,914	659,943	659,943	
Total Expenditures	934,914	659,943	659,943	0
Excess of Revenues	(24.014)	267 906	369,110	1,304
over (under) Expenditures	(34,914)	367,806	307,110	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Compensation for loss of capital assets				
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	0	0	0	0
Total Canal I Indiana B o property				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(34,914)	367,806	369,110	1,304
Fund Balances - Beginning	250,000	354,232		0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 215,086	722,038	369,110	1,304

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement

MADISON COUNTY
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
Road Maintenance Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

				Variance with
			Actual	Final Budget
	Original	Final	(Budgetary	Positive
	Budget	Budget	Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES	***************************************			
Property taxes	\$ 1,999,273	2,085,891	2,085,891	
Road and bridge privilege	950,000	1,082,867	1,082,867	
License, commission and other revenue	300	253	253	
Intergovernmental revenues	751,200	791,538	791,538	
Interest income	2,000	2,000	2,000	9
Miscellaneous revenues	75,000	106,827	106,827	
Total Revenues	3,777,773	4,069,376	4,069,376	0
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				100 707
Public works	9,268,380	4,953,318	4,819,811	133,507
Total Expenditures	9,268,380	4,953,318	4,819,811	133,507
Excess of Revenues	(# 400 COT)	(002 042)	(750,435)	133,507
over (under) Expenditures	(5,490,607)	(883,942)	(730,433)	133,301
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from long-term debt	4,960,000		•	
Other income/sales	150,000	150,000	150,000	
Transfers in	1,50,000	65,000	65,000	
Transfers out		,	(166,280)	(166,280)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	5,110,000	215,000	48,720	(166,280)
10th Other Falancing Boardes and Oses	J. 1. 251 103000	2233000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(380,607)	(668,942)	(701,715)	(32,773)
Fund Balances - Beginning	400,000	878,230		0
T AMERICA AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	المتحالف المتحالية المتحال	ب نسخت بالمحروب والمحروب والمح		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 19,393	209,288	(701,715)	(32,773)
· · · · · · · · ·				

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement.

MADISON COUNTY
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
Bridge and Culvert Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 2,249,637	2,315,614	2,315,614	
Road and bridge privilege				
License, commission and other revenue	200	188	188	
Intergovernmental revenues	6,800	6,995	6,995	
Interest income	4,000	4,000	4,000	
Miscellaneous revenues				
Total Revenues	2,260,637	2,326,797	2,326,797	0
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public works	4,424,925	2,190,992	2,190,992	
Total Expenditures	4,424,925	2,190,992	2,190,992	0
Excess of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(2,164,288)	135,805	135,805	0
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from long-term debt	2,040,230			
Other income/sales				
Compensation for loss of capital assets				0
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	2,040,230	0	0	0.
Net Change in Fund Balance	(124,058)	135,805	135,805	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	300,000	540,966		0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 175,942	676,771	135,805	0

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement.

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

#### A. Budgetary Information

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the county's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Supervisors of the county, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the Sheriff and the Tax Assessor-Collector for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Supervisors that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The county's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplemental information.

### C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

# Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund:

		Governmental I	und Types		
		General Fund	911 and Emergency Management Fund	Road Maintenance Fund	Bridge and Culvert Fund
Budget (Cash Basis)	\$	639,869	369,110	-701,715	135,805
Increase (Decrease) Net adjustments for revenue accruals		-877,764		81,519	20,654
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals		<i>-77</i> <b>1,</b> 971	-456,648	577,447	-2,882
Other financing sources (uses)	_	1,653,972	285,396	-117,227	
GAAP Basis		\$ 644,106	197,858	-159,978	153,577

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Reconciliation of Operating Costs of Solid Waste For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

## Operating Expenditures, Cash Basis:

Salaries	\$ 22,419
Contract hauling	1,192,234
Landfill charges	314,491
Gasoline and petroleum products	3,886
Insurance and fidelity bond	17,153
Other contractual services	25,000
Miscellaneous	7,520
Solid Waste Cash Basis Operating Expenditures	1,582,703
Full Cost Expenses:	
Indirect administrative costs	27,453
Depreciation on equipment	13,370
Interest on solid waste	405
Solid Waste Full Cost Operating Expenses	\$ 41,228

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SPECIAL REPORTS

## Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

2708 Old Brandon Road Pearl, MS 39208 (601)939-8676 (601)939-8761 (fax) Members: American Institute of CPAs Mississippi Society of CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE PRIMARY GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Supervisors Madison County, Mississippi

We have audited the primary government financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Madison County, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2005, which collectively comprise county's basic primary government financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2006. The auditor's report on the primary government financial statements is modified to reflect that the primary government financial statements do not include the financial data of the county's component units. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Madison County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the primary government financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the primary government financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Madison County, Mississippi's primary government financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion . The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than this specified party. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Windham and Jacey, PLLC Windham and Lacey, PLLC

June 30, 2006

## Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON CENTRAL PURCHASING SYSTEM, INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM AND PURCHASE CLERK SCHEDULES (REQUIRED BY SECTION 31-7-115, MISS CODE ANN (1972))

Members of the Board of Supervisors Madison County, Mississippi

We have made a study and evaluation of the central purchasing system and inventory control system of Madison County, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2005. Our study and evaluation included tests of compliance of the Purchase Clerk and Inventory Control Clerk records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The Board of Supervisors of Madison County, Mississippi, is responsible for establishing and maintaining a central purchasing system and inventory control system in accordance with Sections 31-7-101 through 31-7-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). In addition, the Board of Supervisors is responsible for purchasing in accordance with the bid requirements of Section 31-7-13, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The Board of Supervisors of Madison County, Mississippi, has established centralized purchasing for all funds of the county and has established an inventory control system. The objective of the central purchasing system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that purchases are executed in accordance with state law.

Because of inherent limitations in any central purchasing system and inventory control system, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Madison County, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with state laws governing central purchasing, inventory and bid requirements

The accompanying schedules of (1) purchases not made from the lowest bidder, (2) emergency purchases and (3) purchases made noncompetitively from a sole source are presented in accordance with Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The information contained on these schedules has been subjected to procedures performed in connection with our aforementioned study and evaluation of the purchasing system and, in our opinion, is fairly presented when considered in relation to that study and evaluation

This report is intended for use in evaluating the central purchasing system and inventory control system of Madison County, Mississippi, and is not intended to be and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Windham and Jacy, PLLC Windham & Lacey, PLLC

June 30, 2006

## LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Madison County Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Madison County, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2005, we considered Madison County, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control

In addition, for areas not considered material to Madison County, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures and tests were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the county's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated October 3, 2006, on the financial statements of Madison County, Mississippi

We are glad to report that no findings came to our attention as a result of these review procedures and compliance tests. However, because of the reduced scope, these procedures and tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

This report is intended for use in evaluating the central purchasing system and inventory control system of Madison County, Mississippi, and is not intended to be and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited

Windham and Jacey, PLLC Windham & Lacey, PLLC June 30, 2006

### Schedule 1

MADISON COUNTY
Schedule of Emergency Purchases
For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

Date	Item Purchased	 Amount Paid	Vendor	Reason for Emergency Purchase
05/23/05 06/20/05 08/31/05 09/01/05 09/01/05 09/12/05	Railroad crossing repair Bridge repair Fuel Rental of debris removal equipment Fuel Satellite telephones	\$ 23,839 26,000 7,757 4,500 5,942 3,780	McHann Railroad Service Key Constructors, Inc. EMC Corporation Puckett Machinery Spanky's Food Mart SATWEST	Danger to public Danger to public Hurricane Katrina Hurricane Katrina Hurricane Katrina Hurricane Katrina

Schedule 2

Schedule of Purchases Not Made From the Lowest Bidder For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

	Tr.	nta		Reason
Date	Item Purchased	Bid Accepted	Vendor	for Accepting Other Than the Lowest Bid
Date	1 tirchasett	Accepted	y Chaoi	Odor Haif die Lowest Die
09/19/05	Playground equipment	\$ 25,341	Playpower LT-Farminton, Inc.	Lowest bid did not meet advertised specs.

Schedule 3

MADISON COUNTY
Schedule of Purchases Made Noncompetitively From a Sole Source
For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

Date	Item Purchased	 Amount Paid	Vendor
04/18/05	Tactical search light system	\$	Southern Precision Armory Southern Precision Armory
04/18/05 09/19/05	Night observation system #57 washed limestone	•	Mississippi Materials Company
			(only available source due to hurricane)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

## Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended September 30, 2005

## Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1.	Type of auditor's report issued on the primary government financial statements:	Unqualified
2	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	a. Material weakness identified?	No
	b. Reportable condition identified that is not considered to be a material weaknesses?	No
3.	Noncompliance material to the primary government financial statements?	No

### Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by Government Auditing Standards